Bioreduction of Some Common Carbonylic Compounds Mediated by Yeasts

Javier Silva^a, Julio Alarcón^b, Sergio A. Aguila^a, and Joel B. Alderete^{a,*}

 Departamento de Organica, Facultad de Ciencias Químicas, Universidad de Concepción, Edmundo Larenas 129, Concepción, Chile. Fax: +56-41-245974. E-mail: jalderet@udec.cl
Departamento de Ciencias Básicas, Facultad de Ciencias, Universidad del Bio-Bio, A. Bello S/N. Chillán. Chile

* Author for correspondence and reprint requests

Z. Naturforsch. **65 c**, 1–9 (2010); received August 7/September 29, 2009

Bioreduction of several prochiral carbonylic compounds such as acetophenone (1), ethyl acetoacetate (2) and ethyl phenylpropionate (3) to the corresponding optically active secalcohols 1a-3a was performed using wild-type strains of Pichia pastoris UBB 1500, Rhodotorula sp., and Saccharomyces cerevisiae. The reductions showed moderate to excellent conversion and high enantiomeric excess, in an extremely mild and environmentally benign manner in aqueous medium, using glucose as cofactor regeneration system. The obtained alcohols follow Prelog's rule, but in the reduction of 1 with P. pastoris UBB 1500 the anti-Prelog enantiopreference was observed.

Key words: Yeast, Enantioselective Reduction